

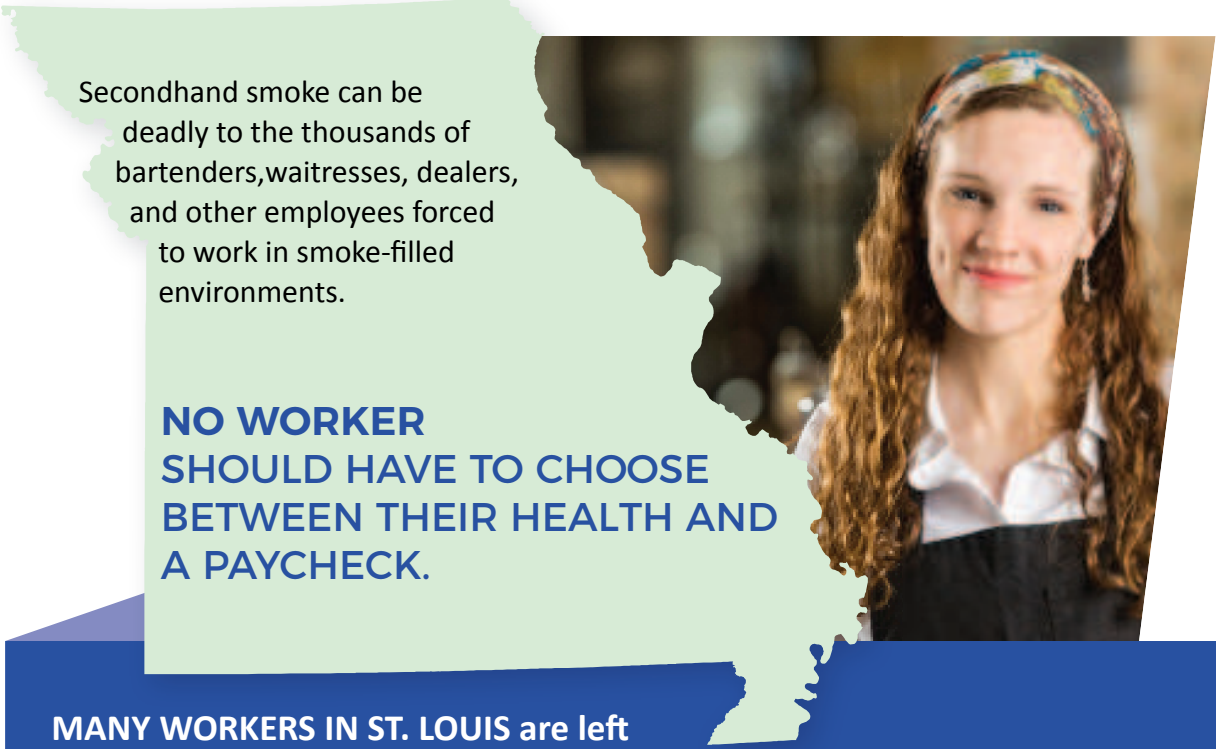


A SMOKE-FREE ST. LOUIS IS
**GOOD FOR HEALTH
AND FOR BUSINESS**

Secondhand smoke costs our economy **\$5.6 billion** per year due to **lost productivity**.

EVERY WORKER DESERVES TO BREATHE SMOKE-FREE AIR.

100% smoke-free policies are the only effective way to prevent the death and illness caused by secondhand smoke at work.

A light green map of Missouri is shown on the left. On the right, a photograph of a young woman with long, wavy brown hair, wearing a white shirt and a dark apron, is overlaid on the map. She is smiling slightly.

Secondhand smoke can be deadly to the thousands of bartenders, waitresses, dealers, and other employees forced to work in smoke-filled environments.

NO WORKER SHOULD HAVE TO CHOOSE BETWEEN THEIR HEALTH AND A PAYCHECK.

MANY WORKERS IN ST. LOUIS are left unprotected from secondhand smoke due to lack of a strong county-wide law that protects everyone from secondhand smoke, no matter where they work.



Those left behind are likely exposed in hospitality workplaces like bars and casinos.

Levels of **secondhand smoke in restaurants and bars** were found to be two- to five-times higher than in residences with smokers, and two- to **six-times higher than in office workplaces**.

Separating smokers from nonsmokers, cleaning the air, and ventilation systems **cannot eliminate exposure** of nonsmokers to secondhand smoke.

smokefreeSTL.com

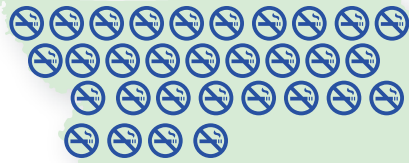
Paid for by the Committee for a Healthy Missouri, Linda Cooperstock, Treasurer



Why do we need a Smoke Free St. Louis?

Everyone has the right to breathe smoke-free air in public places and at work, without the dangers of secondhand smoke.

Cities like Columbia, O'Fallon, and Branson are already smoke-free.



There are over 1 million people that live, work, and play in St. Louis.

They all deserve to be protected from secondhand smoke.

CURRENTLY, THERE ARE

34 local smoke-free laws in the state of Missouri

PROTECTING JUST

31% of the state's population from breathing hazardous secondhand smoke at work.

Secondhand smoke harmful, containing more than 7,000 chemicals including hundreds that are toxic and about 70 that can cause cancer.

Exposure to secondhand smoke increases stroke risk by 20-30%

Separating smokers from nonsmokers, opening windows, or using ventilation systems does not prevent people from breathing secondhand smoke.

Secondhand smoke harms children and adults, and the only way to fully protect nonsmokers is to eliminate smoking in all indoor worksites, and public places.

All St. Louis residents have the right to breathe smoke-free air!

smokefreeSTL.com info@smokefreeMO.com

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